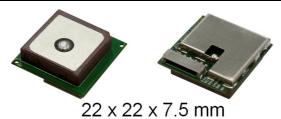


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Product name	Description	Version
LS2003E-G	Standalone multiple GNSS smart antenna module	1.1



1 Introduction

LS2003E-G is a complete standalone GNSS smart antenna module, including embedded patch antenna and GNSS receiver circuits. The module can simultaneously acquire and track multiple satellite constellations that include GPS, GLONASS, GALILEO, QZSS and SBAS. It features low power and small form factor. Besides, it can provide you with superior sensitivity and performance even in urban canyon and dense foliage environment.

This module supports hybrid ephemeris prediction to achieve faster cold start. One is self-generated ephemeris prediction (called EASY) that is no need of both network assistance and host CPU's intervention. This is valid for up to 3 days and updates automatically from time to time when GNSS module is powered on and satellites are available. The other is server-generated ephemeris prediction (called EPO) that gets from an internet server. This is valid for up to 14 days. Both ephemeris predictions are stored in the on-board flash memory and perform a cold start time less than 15 seconds.

It is easy to install without both RF connector and coaxial cable that are needed in a separated GNSS active antenna. In other words, reduce the cost and size. Also, speed up the time to market by eliminating R&D efforts on RF matching and stability between separated GNSS antenna and module. Furthermore, it can be directly powered by a lithium battery without any external voltage regulars. Therefore, LS2003E-G of miniature size and brilliant performance is the best choice to be integrated into your slim devices.

2 Features

- MediaTek high sensitivity solution
- Support GPS, GLONASS, GALILEO and QZSS
- Capable of SBAS (WAAS, EGNOS, MSAS, GAGAN)
- Support 99-channel GNSS
- Ultra low power consumption
- Fast TTFF at low signal level
- Built-in 12 multi-tone active interference canceller
- Free hybrid AGPS to achieve faster cold start
- Built-in data logger
- Built-in DC/DC converter to save power
- Allow direct connection with the lithium battery
- Up to 10 Hz update rate
- ±11ns high accuracy time pulse (1PPS)
- Indoor and outdoor multi-path detection and compensation
- RoHS compliant



3 Application

- Personal positioning and navigation
- Automotive navigation
- Marine navigation
- Weather balloon

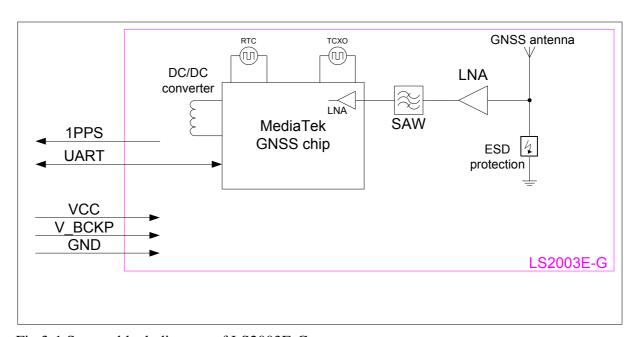


Fig 3-1 System block diagram of LS2003E-G

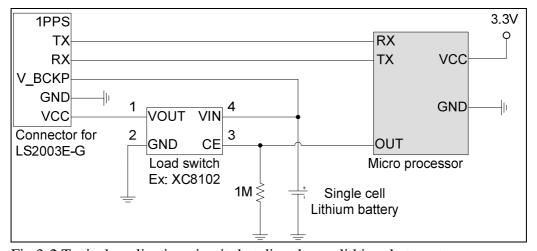


Fig 3-2 Typical application circuit that directly use lithium battery to save power.



4 GNSS receiver and antenna

4.1 GNSS receiver

Chip	MediaTek MT3333			
	GPS, GALILEO, QZSS: L1 1575.42MHz, C/A code			
Frequency	GLONASS: L1 1598.0625MF	GLONASS: L1 1598.0625MHz ~ 1605.375MHz, C/A code		
Channels	Support 99 channels (33 Track	ring, 99 Acquisition)		
Update rate	1Hz default, up to 10Hz			
	Hot start (Open Sky)	1s (typical)		
Acquisition Time	Cold Start (Open Sky)	34s (typical) without AGPS		
		< 15s (typical) with AGPS (hybrid ephemeris prediction)		
Desition Assumany	Autonomous	3m (2D RMS)		
Position Accuracy	SBAS	2.5m (depends on accuracy of correction data)		
Datum	WGS-84 (default)			
Max. Altitude	< 18,000 m, up to 50,000m by request			
Max. Velocity	< 515 m/s			
Protocol	NIME A 0192 4 10	9600 bps ⁽¹⁾ , 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bits		
FIOLOCOI	NMEA 0183 ver 4.10	1Hz: GGA, GLL, GSA, GSV, RMC, VTG		

Note 1: Both baud rate and output message rate are configurable.

4.2 GNSS antenna

Antenna type	Patch antenna
Г	1575.42MHz ± 1.023MHz ⁽¹⁾
Frequency Range	1598MHz ~ 1606MHz ⁽¹⁾
Gain	0.7 dBi Typ. @zenith (1)

Note 1: This value is measured with the evaluation board and must be fine tuned when installed into your device. Please contact LOCOSYS for your antenna tuning.

5 Software interface

5.1 NMEA output message

Table 5.1-1 NMEA output message

NMEA record	Description	
GGA	Global positioning system fixed data	
GLL	Geographic position - latitude/longitude	
GSA	GNSS DOP and active satellites	
GSV	GNSS satellites in view	
RMC	Recommended minimum specific GPS data	
VTG	Course over ground and ground speed	



GGA--- Global Positioning System Fixed Data

Table 5.1-2 contains the values for the following example:

\$GPGGA,183015.000,2503.7123,N,12138.7446,E,2,16,0.68,123.2,M,15.3,M,0000,0000*66

Table 5.1-2 GGA Data Format

Name	Example	Units	Description	
Message ID	\$GPGGA		GGA protocol header	
UTC Time	183015.000		hhmmss.sss	
Latitude	2503.7123		ddmm.mmmm	
N/S indicator	N		N=north or S=south	
Longitude	12138.7446		dddmm.mmmm	
E/W Indicator	Е		E=east or W=west	
Position Fix Indicator	2		See Table 5.1-3	
Satellites Used	16		Range 0 to 33	
HDOP	0.68		Horizontal Dilution of Precision	
MSL Altitude	123.2	mters		
Units	M	mters		
Geoid Separation	15.3	mters		
Units	M	mters		
Age of Diff. Corr.	0000	second	Null fields when DGPS is not used	
Diff. Ref. Station ID	0000			
Checksum	*66			
<cr> <lf></lf></cr>			End of message termination	

Table 5.1-3 Position Fix Indicators

Value	Description
0	Fix not available or invalid
1	GPS SPS Mode, fix valid
2	Differential GPS, SPS Mode, fix valid
3-5	Not supported
6	Dead Reckoning Mode, fix valid

• GLL--- Geographic Position – Latitude/Longitude

Table 5.1-4 contains the values for the following example:

\$GPGLL,2503.7123,N,12138.7446,E,183015.000,A,D*59

Table 5.1-4 GLL Data Format



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Name	Example	Units	Description
Message ID	\$GPGLL		GLL protocol header (GNGLL or GPGLL)
Latitude	2503.7123		ddmm.mmmm
N/S indicator	N		N=north or S=south
Longitude	12138.7446		dddmm.mmm
E/W indicator	Е		E=east or W=west
UTC Time	183015.000		hhmmss.sss
Status	A		A=data valid or V=data not valid
Mode	D		A=autonomous, D=DGPS, E=DR, N=Data not valid,
			R=Coarse Position, S=Simulator
Checksum	*59		
<cr> <lf></lf></cr>			End of message termination

• GSA---GNSS DOP and Active Satellites

Table 5.1-5 contains the values for the following example:

\$GNGSA,A,3,18,193,21,09,12,22,27,15,25,14,,,1.44,0.68,1.27*2F

GNGSA, A, 3, 76, 72, 77, 75, 66, 65, ..., 1.44, 0.68, 1.27*12

Table 5.1-5 GSA Data Format

Name	Example	Units	Description
Message ID	\$GNGSA		GSA protocol header (GNGSA or GPGSA)
Mode 1	A		See Table 5.1-6
Mode 2	3		See Table 5.1-7
ID of satellite used	18		Sv on Channel 1
ID of satellite used	193		Sv on Channel 2
ID of satellite used			Sv on Channel N
PDOP	1.44		Position Dilution of Precision
HDOP	0.68		Horizontal Dilution of Precision
VDOP	1.27		Vertical Dilution of Precision
Checksum	*2F		
<cr> <lf></lf></cr>			End of message termination

Table 5.1-6 Mode 1

Value	Description	
M	Manual- forced to operate in 2D or 3D mode	
A	Automatic-allowed to automatically switch 2D/3D	

Table 5.1-7 Mode 2

7	/alue	Description	
		*	



1	Fix not available
2	2D
3	3D

• GSV---GNSS Satellites in View

Table 5.1-8 contains the values for the following example:

\$GPGSV, 3, 1, 11, 18, 67, 344, 48, 09, 55, 031, 50, 42, 54, 142, 40, 193, 47, 174, 45*4D

\$GPGSV,3,2,11,21,44,219,46,27,39,035,48,12,34,131,44,15,30,057,46*76

\$GPGSV,3,3,11,22,27,319,47,14,22,285,42,25,19,171,40*44

\$GLGSV,2,1,07,76,71,201,44,65,57,041,40,75,48,028,39,72,27,108,39*68

\$GLGSV,2,2,07,66,25,333,43,77,17,207,37,81,02,280,29*5C

Table 5.1-8 GSV Data Format

Name	Example	Units	Description
Message ID	\$GPGSV		GSV protocol header (GPGSV and GLGSV)
Total number of messages ¹	3		Range 1 to 6
Message number ¹	1		Range 1 to 6
Satellites in view	11		
Satellite ID	18		Channel 1 (Range 01 to 196)
Elevation	67	degrees	Channel 1 (Range 00 to 90)
Azimuth	344	degrees	Channel 1 (Range 000 to 359)
SNR (C/No)	48	dB-Hz	Channel 1 (Range 00 to 99, null when not tracking)
Satellite ID	09		Channel 4 (Range 01 to 196)
Elevation	55	degrees	Channel 4 (Range 00 to 90)
Azimuth	031	degrees	Channel 4 (Range 000 to 359)
SNR (C/No)	50	dB-Hz	Channel 4 (Range 00 to 99, null when not tracking)
Checksum	*4D		
<cr> <lf></lf></cr>			End of message termination

^{1.} Depending on the number of satellites tracked multiple messages of GSV data may be required.

RMC---Recommended Minimum Specific GNSS Data

Table 5.1-9 contains the values for the following example:

\$GNRMC,183015.000,A,2503.7123,N,12138.7446,E,0.01,34.92,270812,,,D*43

Table 5.1-9 RMC Data Format

Name	Example	Units Description			
Message ID	6GPRMC 1		RMC protocol header (GNRMC or GPRMC)		
UTC Time	183015.000		hhmmss.sss		
Status	A		A=data valid or V=data not valid		



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Latitude	2503.7123		ddmm.mmmm
N/S Indicator	N		N=north or S=south
Longitude	12138.7446		dddmm.mmmm
E/W Indicator	Е		E=east or W=west
Speed over ground	0.01	knots	True
Course over ground	34.92	degrees	
Date	270812		ddmmyy
Magnetic variation		degrees	
Variation sense			E=east or W=west (Not shown)
Mode	D		A=autonomous, D=DGPS, E=DR, N=Data not valid, R=Coarse Position, S=Simulator
Checksum	*43		
<cr> <lf></lf></cr>			End of message termination

VTG---Course Over Ground and Ground Speed

Table 5.1-10 contains the values for the following example:

\$GPVTG,34.92,T,,M,0.01,N,0.02,K,D*07

Table 5.1-10 VTG Data Format

Name	Example	Units	Description	
Message ID	\$GPVTG		VTG protocol header	
Course over ground	34.92	degrees	Measured heading	
Reference	Т		True	
Course over ground		degrees	Measured heading	
Reference	M		Magnetic	
Speed over ground	0.01	knots	Measured speed	
Units	N		Knots	
Speed over ground	0.02	km/hr	Measured speed	
Units	K		Kilometer per hour	
Mode	D		A=autonomous, D=DGPS, E=DR, N=Data not valid, R=Coarse Position, S=Simulator	
Checksum	*07			
<cr> <lf></lf></cr>			End of message termination	

5.2 Proprietary NMEA input message

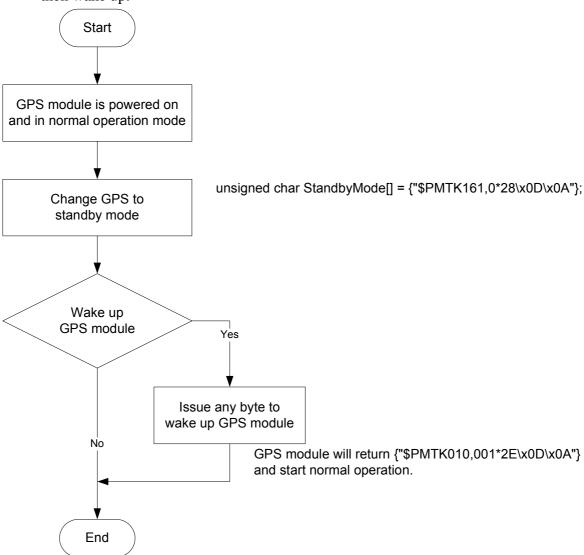
Please refer to MTK proprietary message.

5.3 Examples to configure the power mode of GNSS module



5.3.1 Standby mode

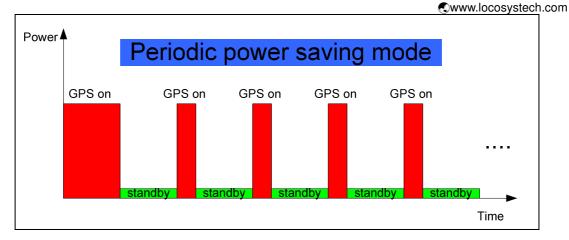
User can issue software command to make GNSS module go into standby mode that consumes less than 500uA current. GNSS module will be awaked when receiving any byte. The following flow chart is an example to make GNSS module go into standby mode and then wake up.



5.3.2 Periodic mode

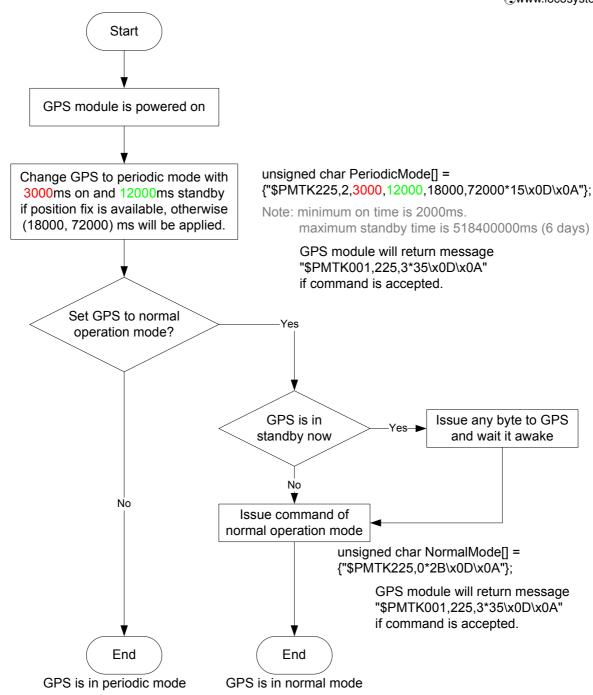
When GNSS module is commanded to periodic mode, it will be in operation and standby periodically. Its status of power consumption is as below chart.





The following flow chart is an example to make GNSS module go into periodic mode and then back to normal operation mode.





5.3.3 AlwaysLocateTM mode

AlwaysLocateTM is an intelligent controller of periodic mode. Depending on the environment and motion conditions, GNSS module can adaptively adjust working/standby time to achieve balance of positioning accuracy and power consumption. In this mode, the host CPU does not need to control GNSS module until the host CPU needs the GNSS position data. The following flow chart is an example to make GNSS module go into AlwaysLocateTm mode and then back to normal operation mode.

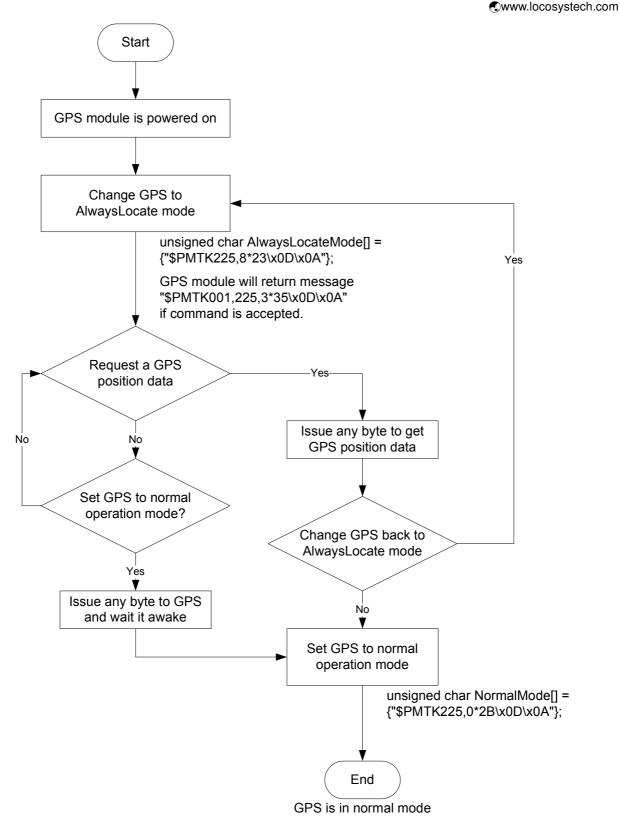
Note: AlwaysLocateTM is a trade mark of MTK.



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5.4 Data logger

The GNSS module has internal flash memory for logging GNSS data. The configurations include time interval, distance, speed, logging mode, and ... etc. For more information, please



contact us.

5.5 Examples to configure the update rate of GNSS module

The GNSS module supports up to 10Hz update rate that user can configure by issuing software commands. Note that the configurations by software commands are stored in the battery-backed SRAM that is powered through VBACKUP pin. Once it drains out, the default/factory settings will be applied.

Due to the transmitting capacity per second of the current baud rate, GNSS module has to be changed to higher baud rate for high update rate of position fix. The user can use the following software commands to change baud rate.

Baud rate	Software command
Factory default	\$PMTK251,0*28 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
4800	\$PMTK251,4800*14 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
9600	\$PMTK251,9600*17 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
19200	\$PMTK251,19200*22 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
38400	\$PMTK251,38400*27 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
57600	\$PMTK251,57600*2C <cr><lf></lf></cr>
115200	\$PMTK251,115200*1F <cr><lf></lf></cr>

Note: <CR> means Carriage Return, i.e. 0x0D in hexadecimal. <LF> means Line Feed, i.e. 0x0A in hexadecimal.

If the user does not want to change baud rate, you can reduce the output NMEA sentences by the following software commands.

NMEA sentence	Software command
Factory default	\$PMTK314,-1*04 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Only GLL at 1Hz	\$PMTK314,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
Only RMC at 1Hz	\$PMTK314,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0*29 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Only VTG at 1Hz	\$PMTK314,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
Only GGA at 1Hz	\$PMTK314,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
Only GSA at 1Hz	\$PMTK314,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
Only GSV at 1Hz	\$PMTK314,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0*29 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
Only ZDA at 1Hz	\$PMTK314,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0*29 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
RMC, GGA, GSA	
at 1Hz and GSV at	\$PMTK314,0,1,0,1,1,5,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0*2C <cr><lf></lf></cr>
0.2Hz	

If the command is correct and executed, GNSS module will output message \$PMTK001,314,3*36<CR><LF>



After the GNSS module is changed to higher baud rate or reduced NMEA sentence, the user can configure it to high update rate of position fix by the following commands.

Interval of position fix	Software command				
Every 100ms (10Hz) ⁽¹⁾	\$PMTK220,100*2F <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
Every 200ms (5Hz)	\$PMTK220,200*2C <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
Every 500ms (2Hz)	\$PMTK220,500*2B <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
Every 1000ms (1Hz)	\$PMTK220,1000*1F <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
Every 2000ms (0.5Hz) ⁽²⁾	\$PMTK220,2000*1C <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
If the command is correct and executed, GNSS module will					
output message \$PMTK001,220,3*30 <cr><lf></lf></cr>					

Note 1: The minimum interval of position fix is 100ms, i.e. the maximum update rate is 10Hz.

Note 2: The current consumption is the same with the update rate of 1Hz.

5.6 Configure the static navigation parameter

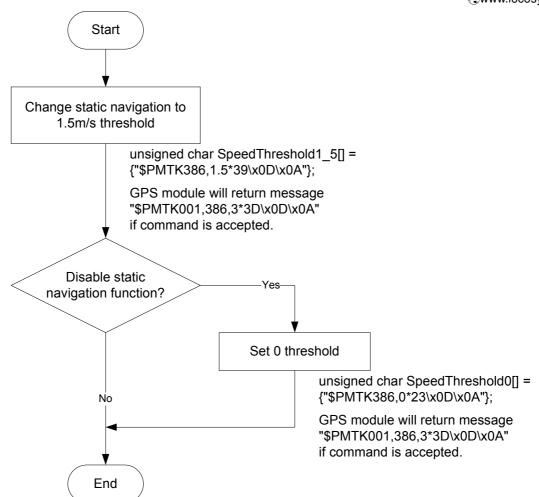
The output position of GPS module will keep the same and output speed will be zero if the actual speed is below the threshold of the static navigation parameter. This is useful for different applications. For example, the car stopped at a red light will get stationary GPS position if the threshold is 1.5m/s. It is better to disable this function by setting threshold to 0 for pedestrian navigation.

The format of the software command is as below.

\$PMTK386,speed threshold*checksum<CR><LF>

The unit of speed threshold is meter per second. The range of speed threshold is from 0.1m/s to 2.0m/s. Value 0 is to disable the function.

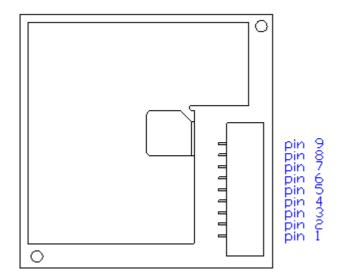






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Pin assignment and descriptions



Pin#	Name	Type	Description
1	NC		Not connect.
2	1PPS	О	Pulse per second (default 100 ms pulse/sec when 3D fix is available)
3	TX	О	Serial data output
4	RX	I	Serial data input
5	NC		Not connect.
6	NC		Not connect.
7	V BCKP	P	Backup battery supply voltage.
	V_DCKI	1	This pin must be powered to enable the module.
8	GND	P	Ground
9	VCC	P	DC supply voltage





7 DC & Temperature characteristics

7.1 Absolute maximum ratings

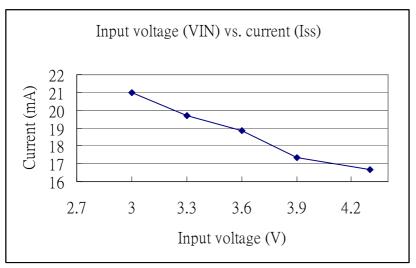
Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Units
Input Voltage	VCC	4.3	V
Input Backup Battery Voltage	V_BCKP	4.3	V
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40 ~ 85	$^{\circ}\! C$
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40 ~ 85	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$

7.2 DC Electrical characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Input Voltage	VCC		3.0		4.3	V
Input Backup Battery Voltage	V_BCKP		2.0		4.3	V
Supply Current	I_{VCC}	Full operation		20 ⁽¹⁾	$200^{(2)}$	mA
Backup Battery Current	I_{BAT}	VCC = 0		7		uA
High Level Input Voltage	V_{IH}		2.0		3.6	V
Low Level Input Voltage	V_{IL}		-0.3		0.8	V
High Level Input Current	I _{IH}		-1		1	uA
Low Level Input Current	I _{IL}		-1		1	uA
High Level Output Voltage	V_{OH}		2.4		3.3	V
Low Level Output Voltage	V_{OL}				0.4	V
High Level Output Current	I _{OH}			2		mA
Low Level Output Current	I _{OL}			2		mA

Note 1: Measured when position fix (1Hz) is available and input voltage is 3.3V. For different input voltage (VCC), the current consumption is as below chart. This is because LS2003E-G has a built-in DC/DC converter.

Note 2: This happens when downloading AGPS data to LS2003E-G.





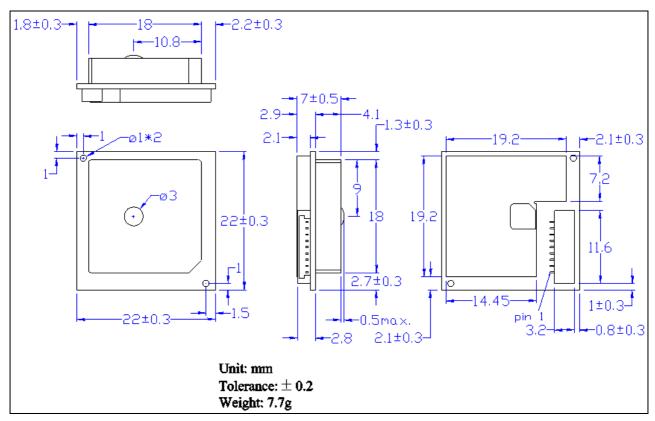
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7.3 Temperature characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40	-	85	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40	25	85	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$



8 Mechanical specification

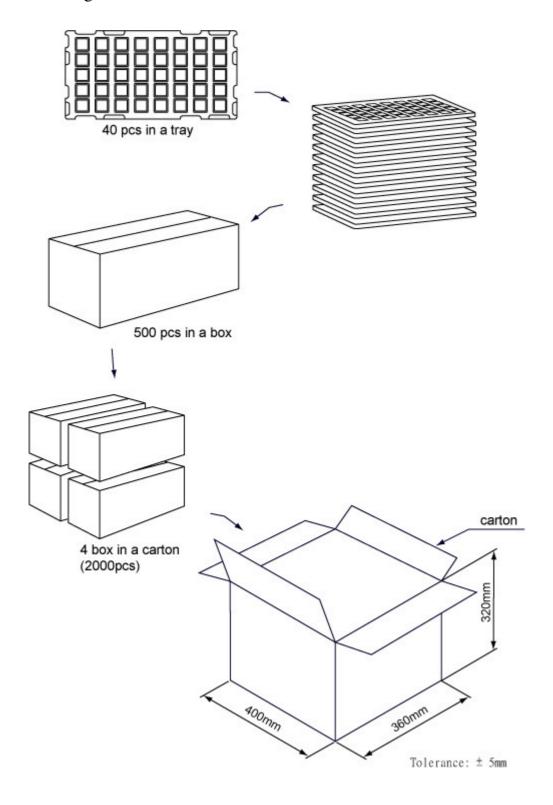


The connector's part number is SM09B-SSR-H-TB(LF)(SN) from the company, JST.



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9 Packing information





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Document change list

Revision 1.0

• First release on January 7, 2013

Revision 1.1 (March 8, 2013)

- Changed the packing information from 1600pcs to 2000pcs in the section 9
- Added (GNGLL or GPGLL) in the table 5.1-4
- Added (GNGSA or GPGSA) in the table 5.1-5